Validation of EOMAP Water Quality products

contact: wq@eomap.com

www.eomap.com

Version: 20210223

This report is updated when new validation data becomes available

For further information, please visit <u>http://eoApp.eomap.com</u> and download the actual whitepaper from the help section



detect more.

Content

Summary

Methodology for satellite derived water quality MIP-EOMAP

References

Technology

Global Examples

- Europe

- North and South America

- Asia

- Africa

- Australia





Summary

Assessable uncertainties of the satellite approach	 Harmonization level and long-term consistency: Comparable to in-situ methodologies Uncertainties in magnitudes: approx. 10 – 50 % worse in relation to in-situ methologies (reflecting the in-situ-related inconsistencies on multi-agency level) Exceptions: Chlorophyll in CDOM rich lakes partly overestimated by factor 2-3. <u>Unknown validity:</u> Chlorophyll and absorption in turbid rivers, iron- and calcareous dominated waters 		
Methodological differences	Methodology:In sSampling location:pointSampling depth:variation:Intrinsic measures:variation:Uncertainty impact factors:variation	situ < pint < prious depth < prious <	 satellite (MIP-EOMAP) area integrated measurement z90 light penetration depth Absorption and scattering spectra Recording conditions, inversion methodology
Sampling methodology MIP satellite	 Turbidity: Backscattering [1/m] at 500nm, calibrated to [NTU] (1 NTU = 0.0118 1/m) Suspended Matter: Backscattering calibrated to [mg/l] (default: log10(TSM) = 1.02log10(TUR) -0.04) Chlorophyll: Pigment absorption [1/m] at 440nm, calibrated to [µg/l] 1 µg/l=0.035 1/m CDOM: Absorption of dissolved organic materials in [1/m] at 440nm Other: Total organic absorption, total anorganic absorption in [1/m] at 440nm 		
Sampling methodology In-situ	Turbidity: Side-scattering, calibrated to units of [NTU] or [FTU] Suspended Matter: Gravimetric [mg/l], or turbidity calibrated to [mg/l] Chlorophyll: HPLC, photometric, fluorometric, unit [μg/l] CDOM: unit absorption [1/m]		



Methodology for satellite derived water quality MIP-EOMAP

Coverage	Global	Satellite	Application
Sampling rate & spatial resolution	Daily: 500 - 250 m Weekly: 30 - 10 m Up to daily on request: 5 - 1 m	Sensors esa, NASA	Integration
Satellite sensors	ASTER (1999), Landsat 5 (1984-2013), Landsat 7 (1999), Landsat 8 (2013), MERIS, MODIS Aqua/Terra (2002/1999), RapidEye (2009-2020), Sentinel-2A/ <i>B</i> (2015/ <i>2017</i>), Sentinel-3A/B (2016/2018), SPOT & Worldview 2/3 (2009/2014)	EOMAP VA processors	Quality control Aggregation
Product examples	Turbidity, Chlorophyll-a, Secchi Depth, Signal Depth, Total Suspended Matter, Subsurface Reflectance, Remote Sensing Reflectance,		
Data processing components	 Standardized, physics based, automized sensor independent processing. Accounting for the adjacency and terrain altitude impact, fully coupled and bidirectional atmospheric & in-water retrieval of harmonized water quality properties, reflecting for the full range of scattering and absorption in natural waters. detection of water, land, cloud, cloud shadows. 		
Data workflow components	 Fast delivery: Between few hours and 2 days after acquisition, depending on sensor satellite data ground segments and cloud computing environments. A dedicated IT i aggregation, quality control, web access and dissemination 	and continent. EOMAR nfrastructure ensures a	processors are installed in automated product archiving,

Remark:

Actual sampling rate depends on regional conditions such as cloud over statistics Product validity is restricted to optical deep water bodies at minimum extend of 3-5 times the spatial resolution



References

Bresciani M., Giardino C., Stroppiana D., Dessena M.A., Buscarinu P., Cabras L, Schenk K., Heege T., Bernert H., Bazdanis G. & Tzimas A. (2019): Monitoring water quality in two dammed reservoirs from multispectral satellite data, European Journal of Remote Sensing, 10 pages, DOI: 10.1080/22797254.2019.1686956

Karle, N., Wolf, T., Heege, T., Schenk, K., Klinger, P., Schulz, K. (2019): Satellite Remote Sensing of Chlorophyll and Secchi Depth for Monitoring Lake Water Quality – A Validation Study. Processings for the SPIE remote sensing publication conf 10.Sept. 19, Strasbourg

Dörnhöfer, K., Klinger, P., Heege, T., Oppelt, N. (2017): Multi-sensor satellite and in situ monitoring of phytoplankton development in a eutrophic-mesotrophic lake. Science of the Total Environment 612C (2018) pp. 1200-1214 DOI information: 10.1016/j.scitotenv.2017.08.219

Dörnhöfer, K., Göritz, A., Gege, P., Pflug, B., Oppelt, N. (2016): Water Constituents and Water Depth retrieval from Sentinel-2A – A first evaluation in an Oligotrophic lake. Remote Sensing, 8, 941, doi:10.3390/rs8110941

GLaSS project 2016: D4.2 Validation report for nearby Lakes. Available upon request

Eder E., Dörnhöfer K., Gege P., Schenk K., Klinger P., Wenzel J., Oppelt N., Gruber N. (2016): Analysis of mineral-rich suspended matter in glacial lakes using simulations and satellite data, Proc. 'Living Planet Symposium 2016', Prague, Czech Republic, 9–13 May 2016 (ESA SP-740, August 2016), p 1-6

Broszeit, A., 2015. Assessing long-term inland water quality using satellite imagery: A Feasibility and validation study of different lake types. MSc Thesis, Julius-Maximilian-University Würzburg, 96p

Heege, T., Kiselev, V., Wettle, M., Hung N.N. (2014): Operational multi-sensor monitoring of turbidity for the entire Mekong Delta . Int. J. Remote Sensing, Special Issues Remote Sensing of the Mekong, Vol. 35 (8), pp. 2910-2926

Koponen S., Kallio, K., Pyhälahti, T., Attila, J., Piepponen, H., Keto, V., Stelzer, K, Schenk, K., Krah, S., Heege, T. (2013): Update for Report on FRESHMON data quality and data comparability. FRESHMON project report. Available upon request

Koponen S., Kallio, K., Hommersom, A., Pitarch, J., Schenk, K., Krah, S., Heege, T. (2012): Report on FRESHMON data quality and data comparability. FRESHMON project report. Available upon request

Hausknecht, P. (2010): Operational MODIS Satellite based water turbidity monitoring for dredging operations in Woodside. OGP Remote Sensing workshop at ESA, Sept 2015, DRIMS 5526810. Available at https://www.eomap.com/exchange/pdf/Hausknecht.pdf (16.11.2015)



Technology

Heege, T.; Schenk K., Wilhelm M.-L. (2019): Water Quality Information for Africa from Global Satellite Based Measurements: The Concept Behind the UNESCO World Water Quality Portal. P. 81 – 92. In: Embedding Space in African Society. The United Nations Sustainable Development Goals 2030 Supported by Space Applications. Editors: Froehlich, Annette (Ed.)

Heege, T., Kelleher, D. 2018: Reducing economic risks in hydropower developments through independent satellite-based turbidity and sediment measurements in the river systems of Georgia. Proc. Hydro 2018 conference, Gdansk 15.-17.10.2018, pp15.

Heege, T., Bergin M., Hartmann K. and Schenk K. (2016): Satellite Services for Coastal Applications. Chapter 18, pages 357 – 368. Ocean Solutions, Chapter 18, Dawn J. Wright, ed.; 2016; Earth Solutions, second edition; http://dx.doi.org/10.17128/9781589484603_18

Kiselev, V., Bulgarelli, B. and Heege, T., 2015. Sensor independent adjacency correction algorithm for coastal and inland water systems. Remote Sensing of Environment, 157: 85-95.

Giardino, C., Bresciani, M., Cazzaniga, I., Schenk, K., Rieger, P., Braga, F., Matta, E., Brando, V.E., 2014. Evaluation of Multi-Resolution Satellite Sensors for Assessing Water Quality and Bottom Depth of Lake Garda. Sensors 14, 24116-24131; Doi:10.3390/s141224116

Heege, T., Häse, C., Bogner, A. and Pinnel, N. 2003. Airborne Multi-spectral Sensing in Shallow and Deep Waters. Backscatter p. 17-19, 1/2003

Kiselev, V.B., Roberti, L. and Perona, G., 1995. Finite-element algorithm for radiative transfer in vertically inhomogeneous media: numerical scheme and applications. Appl. Opt., 34, 8460-8471.

https://www.esri.com/training/assets/courses/576605f98cace5ed09c827a3/Oceans2_sample.pdf



GLOBAL EXAMPLES

GLOBAL EXAMPLES





Validation of different lake types and countries

Chlorophyll-a: Time consistency +/- 2 weeks



Processor MIP version: 2015 Q3, Reference: Broszeit 2015 In-situ data kindly provided by: Syke Finnish Environment Institute, Lake County Water Authority US/Florida, Water Supply Zürich, BOWIS / IGKB by LUBW, Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU)., Tartu Observatory Estland



Validation of different lake types and countries Chlorophyll-a



Processor MIP version: 2015 Q3, Reference: Broszeit 2015 In-situ data kindly provided by: Syke Finnish Environment Institute, Lake County Water Authority US/Florida, Water Supply Zürich, BOWIS / IGKB by LUBW, Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU)., Tartu Observatory Estland







GERMANY





Validation River Elbe, Germany

Location	River Elbe, Germany	
Lake/river size	1.900 km²	
Time Period	2010	•17 /la Stoinriff
Parameter	Turbidity	• LZ 2a Neufeldreede
Sensor	Landsat 5 and 7 ETM+	LZ 3 Altenbruch (Altenbrucher Bogen)
Spatial Resolution	30m	
Validation data provided by	Portal Tideelbe <u>www.portal-tideelbe.de</u>	



lord, Oberflaeche

ensand-Nord, Oberflaeche

Juelsand, Oberflaeche

• D1 - Hanskalbsand, Oberflaeche

Validation River Elbe, Germany

Landsat vs. in situ turbidity: Station Pagensand - several days





Processor MIP version: 2014 In-situ data kindly provided by: Portal Tideelbe, www.portal-tideelbe.de Reference: BAW contract



Validation River Elbe, Germany

Landsat vs. in situ turbidity: Station Steinriff - one day





Processor MIP version: 2014 In-situ data kindly provided by: Portal Tideelbe, www.portal-tideelbe.de Reference: BAW contract



Location	Lake Constance, Germany	
Lake/river size	Approx. 530 km ²	
Time Period	2003 - 2018	
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a, Total Suspended Matter	
Sensor	MERIS, MODIS, Landsat 7 ETM+, Landsat 8, ASTER, SPOT	
Spatial Resolution	500m, 300m, 250m, 30m, 20m, 15m	
Stations	FU, field campaign stations	
Validation data provided by	IGKB – Bodensee-Wasserinformationssystem BOWIS, EAWAG, ISF	
Mean signal depth	~3-5 m	
In situ depth	0-20 m	
Reference	 Karle N., Wolf T., Heege T., Schenk K., Klinger P., Schulz, K. (2019): <u>Satellite remote sensing of chlorophyll and Secchi depth for monitoring lake water quality: a validation study. doi: 10.1117/12.2533233.</u> <u>FRESHMON project (2010-2013)</u>: D54.3 Report on FRESHMON data quality and data comparability (available upon request) D54.3 2 Update Report on ERESHMON data quality and data comparability (available upon request) 	



Total Suspended Matter: Remote Sensing data & In-Situ data



Karle N., Wolf T., Heege T., Schenk K., Klinger P., Schulz, K. (2019): Satellite remote sensing of chlorophyll and Secchi depth for monitoring lake water quality: a validation study. doi: 10.1117/12.2533233.



Total Suspended Matter: Remote Sensing data & In-Situ data



Karle N., Wolf T., Heege T., Schenk K., Klinger P., Schulz, K. (2019): Satellite remote sensing of chlorophyll and Secchi depth for monitoring lake water quality: a validation study. doi: 10.1117/12.2533233.



Total Suspended Matter: Time Series MERIS 300m Station FU 2003-2014



Validation Lake Constance

EOMAP detect more.

in situ data © Lake Constance water information system BOWIS of the International Commission for the Protection of Lake Constance (IGKB) provided in context of FRESHMON and GLaSS project; processing: MIP © EOMAP; Satellite data: ESA for MERIS and USGS for Landsat 7 ETM+/ 8

Chlorophyll-a: Time Series MERIS 300m Station FU 2003-2014





Validation Lake Constance, Germany 2 in-situ measures, 4 satellite sensors - Record date: 25.5.2012

Atmospheric conditions: Varying haze and clouds In-water conditions: Fast changing turbidity near river mouth Rhine => Time-consistency important







Validation for lakes <1ha Baden-Württemberg, Germany

Location	Several lakes in Baden-Württemberg, Germany
Time Period	2004 - 2012
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a
Sensor	Landsat 7
Spatial Resolution	30m
References	Karle N., Wolf T., Heege T., Schenk K., Klinger P., Schulz, K. (2019): <u>Satellite remote sensing of</u> <u>chlorophyll and Secchi depth for monitoring lake water quality: a validation study.</u> <u>doi: 10.1117/12.2533233.</u> <u>FRESHMON project (2010-2013)</u> :
	D54.3 Report on FRESHMON data quality and data comparability (available upon request) D54.3_2 Update Report on FRESHMON data quality and data comparability (available upon request)



Validation for lakes <1ha Baden-Württemberg, Germany Chlorophyll-a

	Mindelsee	Federsee	Bad Waldsee	BR (Lake Constance)	FU (Lake Constance)	Illmensee	Schluchsee	Titisee
No. Satellite	30	14	11	10	10	23	8	10
Years Satellite	2004-2012	2004-2012	2004-2012	2004-2012	2004-2010	2005-2012	2004-2012	2004-2012
No. in situ	32	53	8	202	220	18	7	10
Years in situ	2002,2009,2010	2006-2010	1987-2010	2003-2011	2003-2011	2006,2012	2010	2007
Source	ISF	ISF	seenprogramm.de	ISF	ISF	ISF	ISF	ISF





Validation for lakes <1ha Baden-Württemberg, Germany Chlorophyll-a





Validation Lake Starnberg, Germany Atmospheric correction

Location	Lake Starnberg, Germany
Lake/river size	Approx. 56.4 km ²
Time Period	2015
Parameter	Remote Sensing Reflectance
Sensor	Sentinel-2A
Spatial Resolution	10m
Stations	7 Field campaign stations
Validation data provided by/ Reference	Dörnhöfer, K. et al. (2016): <u>Water Constituents and Water Depth</u>



Water Constituents and Water Depth retrieval from Sentinel-2A – A first evaluation in an Oligotrophic lake



Validation Lake Starnberg, Germany Atmospheric correction



Comparison of three different atmospheric corrections: Sen2Cor, ACOLITE and MIP, whereof MIP performed best (r = 0.987, RMSE = 0.002 sr⁻¹)



Validation Ammersee, Germany Time Series MERIS 300m 2008

Location	Ammersee, Germany
Lake/river size	46,6 km²
Time Period	2008
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a, Total Suspended Matter
Sensor	MERIS
Spatial Resolution	300m
Stations	Deepest point
Validation data provided by	Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU)
Mean signal depth	~1-3 m
In situ depth	0-20 m, single steps see graph
Reference	FRESHMON project (2010-2013): D54.3 Report on FRESHMON data quality



FRESHMON project (2010-2013):
D54.3 Report on FRESHMON data quality and data comparability (available upon request)
D54.3_2 Update Report on FRESHMON data quality and data comparability (available upon request)



Validation Ammersee, Germany Time Series 2008-2011



Satellite data: processing EOMAP, source data: USGS for Landsat 7ETM+, ESA for MERIS In situ data by the Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU) provided in context of FRESHMON project Processor MIP version: 2013 In-situ data kindly provided by: Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU). Reference: EU FRESHMON Project



Validation Ammersee, Germany Time Series 2008



Processor MIP version: 2013 In-situ data kindly provided by: Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU). Reference: EU FRESHMON Project



Validation Walchensee, Germany

Location	Walchensee, Germany	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	L Alto
Lake/river size	16.27 km²		and the
Time Period	2008		fait
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a, Total Suspended Matter	Walchensee	in the
Sensor	MERIS, Landsat 7 ETM+	-	
Spatial Resolution	300m, 30m		
Stations	Deepest point		- Alberton
Validation data provided by	Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU)		
Reference	FRESHMON project (2010-2013):		
	D54.3 Report on FRESHMON data quality and data comparability (available upon request)		
	D54.3_2 Update Report on FRESHMON data quality and data comparability (available upon request		ilable upon request)





Validation Walchensee, Germany

Total Suspended Matter: Time Series 2008



Processor MIP version: 2013 In-situ data kindly provided by: Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU). Reference: EU FRESHMON Project



Validation Walchensee, Germany

Chlorophyll-a: Time Series 2008



Satellite data: processing MIP © EOMAP, source data: USGS for Landsat 7ETM+, ESA for MERIS In situ data by the Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU) provided in context of FRESHMON project

Processor MIP version: 2013 In-situ data kindly provided by: Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU). Reference: EU FRESHMON Project



Validation Altmühlsee/Brombachsee, Germany

Location	Altmühlsee & Brombachsee, Germany
Time Period	2000-2015
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a, Secchi Depth, Signal Depth
Sensor	Landsat
Spatial Resolution	30m
Validation data provided by	Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU)





Validation Altmühlsee, Germany Secchi depth: 2000-2015



Processor MIP version: 2015 Q3 In-situ data kindly provided by: Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU) Reference: Broszeit 2015



Validation Altmühlsee, Germany Chlorophyll-a: 2000-2015



Processor MIP version: 2015 Q3 In-situ data kindly provided by: Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU) Reference: Broszeit 2015



Validation Großer Brombachsee, Germany Secchi depth: 2008-2015



Processor MIP version: 2015 Q3 In-situ data kindly provided by: Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU) Reference: Broszeit 2015


Validation Großer Brombachsee, Germany Chlorophyll-a: 2008-2015



Processor MIP version: 2015 Q3 In-situ data kindly provided by: Bavarian Environment Agency (LfU) Reference: Broszeit 2015



Validation Kummerower See, Germany



Reference: Dörnhöfer K., Klinger P., Heege T., Oppelt N.: Multi-sensor satellite and in situ monitoring of phytoplankton development in a eutrophic-mesotrophic lake. Sci Total Environ. 2018 Jan 15;612:1200-1214. doi: 10.1016/j.scitotenv.2017.08.219. Epub 2017 Sep 8. PMID: 28892864.



Validation Kummerower See, Germany Chlorophyll-a



Comparison of Chlorophyll-a retrieved from in situ measurements and Sentinel-2A acquisitions. Vertical error bars indicate the standard deviation of a 5 × 5 pixel environment. Horizontal error bars represent standard deviation of in situ measurements at the sampling sites, the grey shaded area indicates the 48% uncertainty of in situ measurements.



Validation Kummerower See, Germany Chlorophyll-a & eoHAB



Lake average satellite Chlorophyll-a and in-situ Chlorophyll-a between 1 July and 3 October 2015. Vertical bars indicate standard deviation (a). Lake average eoHAB and cyanobacteria fraction of biomass (LU-MV, 2015a) (b).



LAKE MULARGIA, ITALY





Validation Lake Mulargia, Italy

Location	Lake Mulargia, Italy	
Lake/river size	Approx. 12.5 km²	
Time Period	2013-2018	State in the second second
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a, Turbidity, SST	Astoria A
Sensor	Sentinel-2A, Landsat 7, Landsat 8, WorldView-2	
Spatial Resolution	10-30m	• Nunargia 1
Stations	1 Field campaign station	2 2 Zhri
Validation data provided by	(SS SO 27,1355, S 13 12,1778) CNR (Claudia Giardino, Mariano Bresciani), ENAS	(Ente Acque della Sardegna)
Reference	SPACE-O project http://www.space-o.eu/	



Validation Lake Mulargia, Italy Chlorophyll-a: 2013-2018



Variations of Chlorophyll-a concentrations from satellite data (Landsat 7, Landsat 8 and Sentinel 2) and in situ data for Lake Mulargia, in correspondence of the ENAS station.



Validation Lake Mulargia, Italy Chlorophyll-a: 2015-2018





Validation Lake Mulargia, Italy Turbidity: 2013-2018





Variations of Turbidity from satellite data (Landsat 7, Landsat 8 and Sentinel 2 platforms) and in situ data for Lake Mulargia, in correspondence of the ENAS station.



Validation Lake Mulargia, Italy Turbidity: 2015-2018





Validation Lake Mulargia, Italy Chlorophyll-a & turbidity time series



top images contain: WorldView-2 data © 2015,2016 MAXAR right images contain WorldView-2 data © 2015 MAXAR and Copernicus data (2016)





Validation Lake Mulargia, Italy Surface water temperature: 2015-2017





Validation Lake Mulargia, Italy Water Surface Temperature time series, 2017



July 2017



August 2017



September 2017



October 2017



November 2017





APOSELEMIS DAM IN CRETE, GREECE





Consistency Check Aposelemis dam in Crete, Greece

Location	Aposelemis dam in Crete, Greece
Lake/river size	Approx. 2 km ²
Time Period	2013-2018
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a, Turbidity, SST
Sensor	Sentinel-2A, Landsat 7, Landsat 8
Spatial Resolution	10-30m
Stations	Station 1
Reference	SPACE-O project (not yet published) <u>http://www.space-o.eu/</u>





Validation Aposelemis dam in Crete, Greece Field Measurements





Figures left:

Scatterplot across common bands of Rrs values from WISP and from satellite observations (on the bottom figure: S2 for 2nd and 7th July, on top : L8 for data measured on 03/07/18).



Validation Aposelemis dam in Crete, Greece



Parameter	RMSE	Slope	Intercept	R2	Av. In situ	Av. Sat
SPM (gL ⁻¹)/TUR	1.05	0.92	0.81	0.89	6.90	6.62
SDD (m)	0.41	0.94	0.20	0.88	2.27	2.21
Chl-a (mgm ⁻³)	5.11	1.02	4.87	0.77	17.66	12.54

Table on top:

Results of the statistical analysis for evaluation the accuracy of satellite derived products (Lake Mulargia and Aposelemis dam).

Figure left:

Scatterplot of water quality parameters from in situ measurements and from satellite observations; red diamonds are for Lake Mulargia, blue for Aposelemis dam.



SWITZERLAND





Validation Lake Zurich, Switzerland

Location	Lake Zurich, Switzerland	
Lake/river size	Approx. 88,66 km²	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Time Period	2006 - 2011	
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a	SZHTH
Sensor	MERIS	AT CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE
Spatial Resolution	300m	ALL AND ALL ALL
Stations	SZHTH	
Validation data provided by	Water Supply Zurich	• 25 3 m
Reference	FRESHMON project (2010-2013): D54.3 Report on FRESHMON data quality a D54.3 2 Update Report on FRESHMON da	and data comparability (available upon request) ta quality and data comparability (available upon request)



Strategy and the second s

Validation Lake Zurich, Switzerland

Chlorophyll-a: Time Series Station SZHTH 2006-2011



Processor MIP version: 2013 In-situ data kindly provided by: Water Supply Zürich Reference: EU FRESHMON Project



Physical Validation Räterichsbodensee & Gelmersee, Switzerland

Location	Räterichsbodensee & Gelmersee, Switzerland
Lake/river size	Approx. 0.67 km ² & 0.645 km ²
Time Period	2013
Parameter	Remote Sensing Reflectance, Subsurface Reflectance
Sensor	Landsat 8
Spatial Resolution	30m
Reference	Eder E., Roettgers R., Damm A., Schenk K., Odermatt D & Wuest A. (2014): Remote sensing of particle mass concentration in Alpine reservoirs. In: Ocean Optics XXII conference. Portland, Maine, USA, 26-31 October 2014.



Physical Validation of the Subsurface Reflectance Examples for adjacency & atmospheric correction for lakes at 1800m altitude





in-situ measured data vs. satellite retrieved values (2013): top: Räterichsbodensee, bottom: Gelmersee, in situ provided by Elisabeth Eder presented at Ocean Optics 2014



© EOMAP, 2021

Physical Validation of the Subsurface Reflectance Examples for adjacency & atmospheric correction for lakes at 1800m altitude



Gelmersee in-situ measured data vs. satellite retrieved values (2013): in situ provided by Elisabeth Eder, presented at Ocean Optics 2014



© EOMAP, 2021

Physical Validation of the Subsurface Reflectance Examples for adjacency & atmospheric correction for lakes at 1800m altitude



Räterichsbodensee in-situ measured data vs. satellite retrieved values (2013): in situ provided by Elisabeth Eder, presented at Ocean Optics 2014



PO-DELTA, ITALY





Validation Po-Delta, Italy

Location	Po river delta, Italy
Time Period	2012-2014
Parameter	Turbidity
Sensor	MERIS, Landsat 7 ETM+, Landsat 8
Spatial Resolution	500m, 30m
Stations	PO_SEA01
Mean signal depth	~2-5 m





Validation Po-Delta, Italy Turbidity: Consistency Analysis MODIS-Landsat 2012-2014



Satellite data processing: MIP © EOMAP satellite data source: NASA for MODIS (Aqua and Terra) and USGS for Landsat 7 ETM+/8 Processor MIP version: 2015 Q3 Reference: Commercial contract ISPRA



LAKE VÄNERN, SWEDEN





Validation Lake Vänern, Sweden Atmospheric correction

Location	Lake Vänern, Sweden	
Lake/river size	Approx. 5600 km ²	
Time Period	2015	JA & D
Parameter	Remote Sensing Reflectance	
Sensor	Sentinel-2A, Landsat 8	
Spatial Resolution	10m, 30m	vi A
Stations	Field campaign stations	
Validation data provided by	GLaSS consortium partners (Water Insight, Brockmann Consult. Brockmann Geomatics,	0 + 10 + 20 km
	Tartu Observatory, SYKE, CNR, EOMAP, STICH	TING VU-VUMC)
Reference	GLaSS Project (2013-2016):	
	D4.2 Validation report for Nearby Lakes (availab	ple upon request)





© EOMAP, 2021

Validation Lake Vänern, Sweden

Atmospheric correction



Reflectance spectra of WISP-3 and Landsat 8 (OLI) using MIP in-situ and satellite (both 30th of August 2015)

Good spectral shape and reasonable intensity between satellite and in situ



Validation Lake Vänern, Sweden

Atmospheric correction



Reflectance spectra of WISP-3, RAMSES and Sentinel 2-A MSI for Lake Vänern in-situ (30th of August 2015) and satellite (29th of August 2015)

Large differences between in situ measurements



BAY TVÄRMINNE, FINLAND





Location	Bay Tvärminne, Finland		
Time Period	June 2012		
Parameter	Signal Depth Z90, Total Suspended Matter, Turbidity		
Sensor	RapidEye		
Spatial Resolution	5m		
Validation data provided by	Finnish Game and Fisheries Research Institute		
Reference	FRESHMON project (2010-2013):	0 - ,∰ 10km ⊢ - ,	
D54.3 Report on FRESHMON data quality and data comparability (available upon re-		mparability (available upon request)	
	D54.3_2 Update Report on FRESHMON data quality and data comparability (availa		





© EOMAP, 2021





Processor MIP version: 2013 In-situ data kindly provided by: Syke Finnish Environment Institute Reference: EU FRESHMON Project







Processor MIP version: 2013 In-situ data kindly provided by: Syke Finnish Environment Institute Reference: EU FRESHMON Project



RapidEye water transparency validation 20 June 2012





Processor MIP version: 2013 In-situ data kindly provided by: Syke Finnish Environment Institute Reference: EU FRESHMON Project


NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICA



FLORIDA, USA





Validation Lake Little Harris, Florida/US

Location	Little Harris, Florida/US
Time Period	1999-2015
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a, Secchi Depth, Turbidity,
Sensor	Landsat
Spatial Resolution	30m
Validation data provided by	http://www.wateratlas.usf.edu/





Validation Lake Little Harris, Florida/US Secchi Depth 1999-2015





Validation Lake Little Harris, Florida/US Turbidity 1999-2015





Validation Lake Little Harris, Florida/US Chlorophyll-a 1999-2015





Validation Lake Little Harris, Florida/US

Up to 10 days time difference between in-situ and satellite





Chlorophyll-a



Validation Lake Beauclair, Florida/US

Location	Beauclair, Florida/US
Time Period	2005-2014
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a
Sensor	Landsat
Spatial Resolution	30m
Validation data provided by	http://www.wateratlas.usf.ed





Validation Lake Beauclair, Florida/US Chlorophyll-a 2005-2014





Validation Lake Monroe, Florida/US

Location	Lake Monroe, Florida/US
Time Period	1999-2014
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a, Turbidity
Sensor	Landsat
Spatial Resolution	30m
Validation data provided by	http://www.wateratlas.usf.edu





Validation Lake Monroe, Florida/US Chlorophyll, 1999-2014





Validation Lake Monroe, Florida/US

Up to 10 days time difference between in-situ and satellite







Validation Lake Apopka, Florida/US

Location	Apopka Lake, Florida/US
Time Period	2000-2015
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a, Turbidity
Sensor	Landsat
Spatial Resolution	30m
Validation data provided by	http://www.wateratlas.usf.edu





Validation Lake Apopka, Florida/US Up to 10 days time difference between in-situ and satellite



Turbidity



Chlorophyll-a



Validation Lake Tohopekaliga, Florida/US

Location	Tohopekaliga Lake, Florida/US
Time Period	2008-2014
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a
Sensor	Landsat
Spatial Resolution	30m
Validation data provided by	https://lakewatch.ifas.ufl.edu/





Validation Lake Tohopekaliga, Florida/US Chlorophyll



Satellite data: processing MIP © EOMAP, source data: USGS for Landsat 7ETM+ and Landsat 8 In situ data © Florida Lakewatch (http://lakewatch.ifas.ufl.edu/)



LAKE TITICACA, BOLIVIA/PERU





Validation Bolivia/Peru

Location	Lake Titicaca, Bolivia/Peru
Lake/river size	~ 1000 km²
Time Period	2007-2010
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a, Total Suspended Matter / Turbidity
Sensor	MODIS
Spatial Resolution	250m
Station	Central station 123 Entre Islas Soto y Taquile
Reference	Eoworld project ESA – Worldbank Partnership Report: 80-85





Validation Bolivia/Peru Chlorophyll-a MODIS 250m



Processor MIP version: 2011 Reference: Commercial contract Woodside Energy. <u>http://www.eomap.com/exchange/pdf/Hausknecht.pdf</u>



Validation Bolivia/Peru Total Suspended Matter MERIS 300 m









MEKONG, VIETNAM





Validation Mekong, Vietnam

Location	Mekong, Vietnam
Time Period	June 2012
Parameter	Turbidity
Sensor	MODIS, Landsat, RapidEye
Spatial Resolution	250 m, 30 m, 5 m
Validation data provided by	SiWRR and SRHMC Vietnam Hydromod and GFZ Germany
Reference	Heege et al. 2014



Reference: Heege, T., Kiselev, V., Wettle, M., Hung N.N. (2014): Operational multi-sensor monitoring of turbidity for the entire Mekong Delta. Int. J. Remote Sensing, Special Issues Remote Sensing of the Mekong, Vol. 35 (8), pp. 2910-2926



Validation Mekong, Vietnam

Multi-sensor water quality monitoring: Landsat 7, RapidEye, MODIS A&T



Processing: © EOMAP, satellite data: USGS for Landsat 7, NASA for MODIS, Blackbridge for RapidEye in situ data provided by SRHMC, GFZ, Hydromod MIP version 2012

Reference: Heege, T., Kiselev, V., Wettle, M., Hung N.N. (2014): Operational multi-sensor monitoring of turbidity for the entire Mekong Delta . Int. J. Remote Sensing, Special Issues Remote Sensing of the Mekong, Vol. 35 (8), pp. 2910-2926



Validation Mekong, Vietnam

Multi-sensor water quality monitoring: Landsat 7, RapidEye, SPOT, ASTER



Reference: Heege, T., Kiselev, V., Wettle, M., Hung N.N. (2014): Operational multi-sensor monitoring of turbidity for the entire Mekong Delta . Int. J. Remote Sensing, Special Issues Remote Sensing of the Mekong, Vol. 35 (8), pp. 2910-2926



in-situ and satellite

© EOMAP, 2021





ASSUAN DAM, EGYPT





Validation Assuan

Location	Assuan dam, Egypt
Lake/river size	Approx. 5248 km²
Time Period	2016
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a, Turbidity
Sensor	Sentinel-2A, Landsat 7, Landsat 8
Spatial Resolution	10-30m
Stations	1 stations
Reference	UNESCO project (not published yet)





Validation Assuan





Validation Assuan





LAKE VOLTA, GHANA





Validation Lake Volta, Ghana

Location	Lake Volta, Ghana
Lake/river size	Approx. km²
Time Period	2016
Parameter	Chlorophyll-a, Turbidity
Sensor	Sentinel-2A
Spatial Resolution	10m
Stations	Station GHA00006
Reference	Hydrology TEP





Validation Lake Volta, Ghana



Lake Volta Station GHA00006

Only two suitable scences, others haze, sunglint or clouds over stations



Validation Lake Volta, Ghana



Lake Volta Station GHA00006



Sentinel-2A

Only two suitable scences, others haze, sunglint or clouds over stations



AUSTRALIA



NORTHWEST AUSTRALIA




Validation West-Australia

Location	Northwest-Australia
Lake/river size	~ 1000 km²
Time Period	2007-2010
Parameter	Suspended Matter, Turbidity
Sensor	MODIS
Spatial Resolution	250m
Reference	Woodside Energy presentation: http://www.eomap.com/exchange/pdf/Hausknecht.pdf





Validation West-Australia



Operational satellite based water quality monitoring service: EWS and MIP system

400 + data sets since Oct. 2007, Validation for: MODIS 250m turbidity service

Hausknecht, P. (2010): Operational MODIS Satellite based water turbidity monitoring for dredging operations in Woodside. OGP Remote Sensing workshop at ESA, DRIMS 5526810.

Processor MIP version: 2007 In-situ data kindly provided by: Woodside Energy Reference: Commercial contract Woodside Energy

